Troubles	Probable causes	Corrective action
Engine suddenly stalls while run- ning	Clagged fuel cock Fuel passage in the carburetor clagged Dirty spark plug liheavy carbon deposit or wet plug! Ugaliton timing out of adjustment Blown fuse	Disconnect the fuel line and check the fuel flow If the fuse is blown, the pilot lamps will not light up
Oll becomes emulsified (especially during winter)	Water mixed with oil Use of improper type oil Clogged breather pipe	(Caution) The oil, even though clean in appearance, may decompose due to extended use and become thin, resulting in loss of lubricating properties. Should be replaced.
Increased fuel consumption. Condition: 1. Low exhaust noise, low back pressure at muffler 2. Low compression noticeable when kick starting	Clogged air cleaner Contact breaker point gap out of adjustment, dirty burnt Excess accumulation of carbon in cylinderhead, exhaust part or inside muffler (Ignition timing retarded)	Clean air cleaner element Adjust gap clearance, rewark or replace burnt points If ignition timing is retarded, the contact bracker points will open after the timing mark "F" has been passed Adjust to proper setting
Insufficient engine RPM	Fuel possage clogged Defective spark plug (fouled) Clogged air cleaner Ignition timing out of adjustment	When the fuel passage in clagged, the spark plugs will be dry If the old releaser is clagged, engine will not develop high RPM and the ex- haust smake becomes dark. Clean the air filter element periodically.
Poor throttle response (first check to see that the throttle cable is properly adjusted)	Clogged oir cleaner Clogged exhaust port or exhaust pipe Ignition timing out of adjustment Tappet clearance out of adjustment	
Contact breaker points burnt	Points covered with oil Improper ignition timing Defective condenser Condenser in poor condition	Test condenser by method described in test procedure